## El Rancho Unified School District English Language Arts

Grade Level: 12 (12B)	Text Title: A Modest Proposal (Chapter 4: The Restoration Period)	
<ul> <li>3 examples of irony and expl proposal.</li> <li>What appeals does the narra explain a logical, emotional a text. For each appeal, write a emotional and ethical appeal appeal.</li> </ul>	contribute to the effectiveness of his proposal? Provide ain how they contribute to the effectiveness of his tor make in support of his proposal? Identify and and ethical appeal by citing specific evidence from the a paragraph in which you identify a specific logical, and provide evidence from the text to support each ift want to bring awareness to by his use of satire? xt to support your claims.	Academic Vocabulary: • Purpose • Persuasive Techniques • Satire • Verbal Irony • Logical, emotional & ethical appeals
Performance Tasks:		Essential Skills:

<ul> <li>Formative Writing Assessment (required)</li> <li>Students will write a short essay that explains how Jonathan Swift and Claire Winton Bane effectively use satire to expose and or criticize 18<sup>th</sup> Century Irish society (Swift) and the modern taste for eating young animals (Bane).</li> <li>Project</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Students must be able to identify different types of appeals in persuasive arguments.</li> <li>Students need to identify ironies and how they contribute to</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Students will apply their understanding of satire by writing a contemporary persuasive proposal (3-5 pages in length). The proposal must contain each of the following: logical, emotional, and ethical appeals. Students will also create a video, pamphlet, or poster board that reflects the satire of this contemporary issue.</li> </ul>	a larger satire.

**Common Core State Standards:** 

RL 12.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.

RL 12.6 Analyze a case in which grasping a point of view requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement).